Real Time AI Enhanced Crowd Surveillance with Big Data Analytics

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Abstract- The surveillance system employs state-of-the-art AI algorithms to process live video feeds, extracting meaningful insights from the complex dynamics of crowds. Furthermore, the incorporation of big data analytics facilitates the storage, manage ment, and rapid analysis of vast amounts of surveillance data. This not only enhances the real-time monitoring capabilities but also enables historical trend analysis for pre dictive modeling. Key components of the proposed system include a sophisticated camera network, edge computing capabilities for immediate processing of video data, and a centralized big data infrastructure. The AI models are trained to recognize abnormal crowd behavior, such as sudden movements, overcrowding, or potential se curity incidents. The system's real-time alerts empower security personnel to respond swiftly to emerging situations, thus improving overall public safety. The proposed real-time AI-enhanced crowd surveillance system with big data analytics represents a holistic approach to urban security, leveraging cutting-edge technologies to enhance situational awareness and response capabilities. By amalgamating the strengths of AI and big data, this system stands at the forefront of intelligent crowd monitoring, contributing to the creation of safer and more secure urban environments.

Keywords: Artificial Intelligence, surveillance system, real-time alerts, big data.



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INTRODUCTION

The Project Idea of implementing a system for real-time AI-enhanced crowd surveillance with big data analytics is to revolutionize public safety in urban en vironments. This innovative approach combines advanced artificial intelligence techniques, including computer vision and deep learning, with the power of big data analytics to proactively address security challenges. The primary objective is to detect potential threats or abnormal crowd behavior in real-time, empow ering security personnel with immediate alerts and enabling swift intervention. By analyzing live video feeds with AI algorithms, the system enhances crowd management and control, allowing for the identification of overcrowding and facilitating timely interventions to ensure public safety. Furthermore, the integration of big data analytics provides valuable insights from historical surveil lance data, allowing for the identification of patterns, trends, and anomalies in crowd behavior. This information not only aids in the development of proac tive security measures for future events but also optimizes resource allocation for more efficient deployment of personnel and resources. The ultimate goal is to enhance situational awareness, maintain privacy and ethical standards, and create a scalable, adaptable system that continually evolves to meet emerging security challenges, thereby fostering safer and more secure urban environments.

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LITERATURE SURVEY

[1], Every day, there are more crimes committed and criminals are on the loose, which is making people fear for their safety. The primary goal is to detect and deter illicit activity before it occurs. With the aid of cutting-edge technology, CCTV is commonly used in both private and public spaces. It is possible to control crime in this area, but human supervision is required to oversee it. It's difficult for a human to keep track of multiple screens at the same time. Human error is a possibility in many situations. To overcome this drawback, we stipulate a Deep Learning-based Real-Time Crime Detection Technique that analyzes real-time CCTV footage and alerts a nearby supervisor about the crime in the current region. The model tracks the movement of people and classifies it as aggressive or nonviolent behavior using the Multiple Object Detection with Localization technique. Any aggressive conduct filmed by the camera will be detected and instantaneously alerted by the system

K Kishore Kumar et al. [2] presently, the video surveillance system is an important virtue for identifying crimes. The past works related to crime detection using video surveillance are discussed here. The goal of this investigation is to provide a literature review about crime activity recognition using different techniques. The main demerits of video surveillance are facial utterance recognition, and the method consumes more time for detecting the crime. An alert system provided in video surveillance improves crime prediction and also reduces crime activity. This paper presents an overview of present and past reviews for developing future research. The published journals from 2000-2020 were analyzed to know about the video surveillance and crime detection methods in different sectors. A review of the analyzed researchers and their techniques is available in this paper. This survey is useful to improve the crime detection techniques using video surveillance. Moreover, it is a useful tool to gather information

Sharmila Chackravarthy et al. [3] the quick and accurate identification of criminal activity is paramount to securing any residence. With the rapid growth of smart cities, the integration of crime detection systems seeks to improve this security. In the past a strong reliance has been put on standard video surveillance in order to achieve this goal. This often creates a backlog of video data that must be monitored by a supervising official. For large urban areas, this creates a increasingly large workload for supervising officials which leads to an increase in error rate. Solutions have been implemented to help reduce the workload. Currently, auto regressive models have been used to better forecast criminal acts, but also have a list of shortcomings. We propose a solution of using neural networks in combination with a Hybrid Deep Learning algorithm to analyze video stream data. Our system will be able to quickly identify and assess criminal activity which will in turn reduce workloads on the supervising officials. When implemented across smart city infrastructure it will allow for a efficient and adaptable crime detection system.

AIM & OBJECTIVES

• The primary goal is to improve security by detecting and preventing potential threats or incidents in crowded areas such as airports, train stations, stadiums, and public events.

Utilize AI algorithms to continuously monitor live video feeds from surveillance cameras in crowded areas, enabling immediate response to any suspicious activ ities or emergencies.

Utilize big data analytics to analyze historical crowd behavior patterns and predict future events or crowd movements. This helps in proactive planning and resource allocation for managing crowd flow and preventing incidents.

MOTIVATION

The scope of the AI-Powered Video Surveillance System project encompasses the development and implementation of a comprehensive video surveillance system powered by artificial intelligence. This system will focus on the real-time detection of falls, overcrowding, , fires, and within the surveillance area. It will include the deployment of advanced computer vision algorithms and machine learning models to enable accurate and timely identification of these critical events. The project's scope extends to the integration of this system with various video input sources, including both recorded video footage and live web cameras. This adaptability ensures that the system can be applied across a wide range of scenarios, from smart city management to transportation safety and the protection of critical infrastructure and public events. The ultimate goal is to enhance safety and security by providing real-time alerts and responses, thus reducing response times and mitigating potential harm in a variety of settings.

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APPLICATION:

- Smart Cities
- Transportation and Traffic Management
- Public Events
- Retail and Commercial Security
- Critical Infrastructure Protection
- Healthcare
- Education
- Airports and Transportation Hubs
- Industrial Facilities
- Public Transportation
- Residential Security

SYSTEM ARCHITECTURE

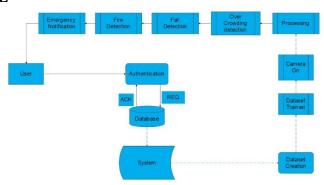


Fig -1: System Architecture Diagram

ADVANTAGES

- Early Incident Detection
- Rapid Response
- Proactive Crowd Management
- Enhanced Public Safety
- Customizability
- Versatility
- Scalability

FUNCTIONAL & NON-FUNCTIONAL REQUIREMENTS

Functional Requirements

The system must be capable of processing live video feeds in real-time.

It should enable historical trend analysis for predictive modeling.

The system should enhance real-time monitoring capabilities.

Nonfunctional Requirements

Performance Requirements:

- Real-time Processing: The system must process video streams in real-time, with minimal latency.
- Scalability: It should be able to handle a large number of cameras and video feeds simultaneously.
- Throughput: Achieve a high throughput of video data for analysis

The system should generate real-time alerts for abnormal crowd behavior such as sudden movements, overcrowding, or potential security incidents.

Safety Requirements:

The system must employ robust data security measures to protect sensitive user data,. Data should be encrypted during transmission and storage to prevent unauthorized access or data breaches

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Security Requirements

- Data Encryption: Implement strong encryption to secure video feeds, incident data, and communication between system components.
- Access Control: Enforce strict access controls to prevent unauthorized access to the system.
- Authentication and Authorization: Ensure that only authorized users and systems can configure and interact with the surveillance system.

SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS

Software Used:

1. Technology Used: Python, Django

2. IDE: VS code

3. Operating System: Windows 8 or above

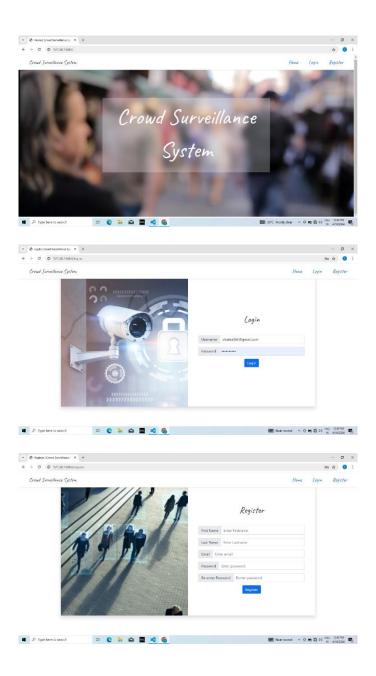
Hardware Used:

1. Hard Disk: 200 GB

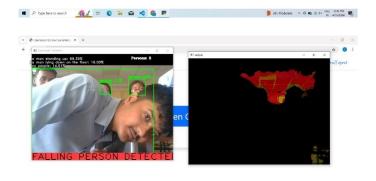
2. RAM: 4 GB

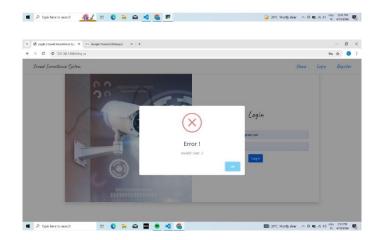
3. Processor: Intel Pentium i5 and above

RESULT









CONCLUSION

In conclusion, the integration of real-time AI-enhanced crowd surveil lance with big data analytics represents a significant leap forward in bolstering urban security and public safety. This synergistic approach harnesses the power of artificial intelligence, particularly computer vision and deep learning, to an alyze live video feeds, detect potential threats, and monitor crowd behavior dynamically. The incorporation of big data analytics further amplifies the sys tem's capabilities, enabling the extraction of valuable insights from historical surveillance data to inform proactive security measures and optimize resource allocation. While the implementation of such a system introduces complexi ties, including privacy considerations, legal compliance, and technical infras tructure challenges, the potential benefits in terms of early threat detection, rapid response capabilities, and overall situational awareness are substantial. Striking a balance between security imperatives and privacy rights, continuous improvement of AI models, and adaptation to diverse urban environments are paramount for the success of this innovative surveillance paradigm. As tech nology evolves, the continual refinement of these systems will be essential to staying ahead of emerging security challenges, ultimately contributing to the creation of safer and more secure urban spaces.

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